



HFA IRA Bootcamp Session #4: EPA's Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund

AGENDA

- Welcome
 - Danielle Arigoni, NHT

 Overview of DOE Home Energy Rebate Program Guidance & EPA's Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF)

- Todd Nedwick, NHT
- GGRF's National Clean Investment Fund Deep Dive
 - Climate United Coalition
- Breakout Rooms
- Report out from Cohort Learning
 - Jeanne Redondo, New Mexico Mortgage Finance Authority
- Preview of Upcoming Sessions
 - Madeleine McCullough, NHT



SUMMARY OF HOME ENERGY REBATES

The following rebates are available for **single family homes** where household income is **below 80% AMI** and in **multifamily buildings** where more than **half of households** have incomes **below 80% AMI**.

Rebate Type	Rebate Amount
Home <u>Energy</u> <u>Efficiency</u> Rebates	Rebate level varies depending on the level of efficiency improvements, with the higher rebates requiring energy savings \geq 35%. Limits: •Not to exceed 80% of project costs •Not to exceed \$8,000 per home or per housing unit
Home <u>Electrification</u> Rebates	•Up to 100% of project costs not to exceed max rebate level in statute or \$14,000 per home or per housing unit

DOE HOME ENERGY REBATE GUIDANCE

DOE released Home Energy Rebate Program Requirements and Application Instructions on July 27th https://www.energy.gov/scep/home-energy-rebate-programs-guidance

- Minimum rebate reservation requirements for low-income (LI) and low-income multifamily (MF) households (HH).
 - States *must reserve at least 40%* of their rebate allocations for LI HHs
 - AND states *must reserve at least 10%* of their rebate allocations for LI MF HHs (in addition to the 40% LI requirement)
 - States can request authority to reallocate LI funds if the state shows good faith but fails to disburse the rebate funds allocated to low-income households within 5 years.
 - Applies to both the Home Energy and Home Electrification Rebate programs
- Rebates can be used for upgrades to central systems/common areas
 - Electrification rebates can only fund central systems and common area upgrades that also benefit individual dwelling units
 - Central heat pump water heating systems are not eligible until EnergySTAR cert



DOE HOME ENERGY REBATE GUIDANCE



- States must allow for categorical eligibility based on other Federal programs
- DOE has <u>released a list</u> of federal programs that qualify
- Housing programs include public housing, project-based assistance, tenantbased assistance, and Low-Income Housing Tax Credits

Minimum affordability/tenant protections for 2 years after receipt of the rebate

- Must rent to a low-income tenant
- Cannot evict the tenant for reasons related to the building upgrade
- Cannot increase the rent for reasons related to the building upgrade
- Written notification provided to tenants

Leveraging funding

• States are strongly encouraged to design their rebate programs in ways that allow for effective combinations of various funding sources, including through integration with existing programs.



DOE HOME ENERGY REBATE GUIDANCE

Federal guidance leaves key decisions about program design up to the states...

- How to design programs to ensure low-income households are served
- Increase the maximum rebate amounts for low-income households
- Exceed the minimum rebate reservation requirements for lowincome households and low-income multifamily households
- Determine whether multifamily building owners can claim a rebate for all households in a low-income qualifying building or only for those households that meet the income eligibility requirement
- Processes to protect tenants from unjustified rent increases
- Identify which programs the State will actively seek to integrate



EPA GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION FUND COMPETITIONS

Today's webinar



National Clean
Investment Fund (NCIF)

(M) (888) Clean Communities
Investment Accelerator (CCIA)



Solar for All (SFA)

Competition description

Fund national nonprofit financing entities to create national clean financing institutions capable of partnering with the private sector to provide accessible, affordable financing for tens of thousands of clean technology projects nationwide Fund hub nonprofits to provide funding and technical assistance to specific networks of community lenders, financing clean technology projects in low-income and disadvantaged communities while simultaneously building the capacity of community lenders that serve those communities

Fund states, territories, Tribal governments, municipalities & nonprofits to develop long-lasting program that enable low-income & disadvantaged communities to deploy and benefit from distributed residential solar

Grantees

Funding amount

Deadline to apply

2-3 national nonprofit financing entities

\$14 billion

October 12th, 2023

2-7 hub nonprofits

\$6 billion

October 12th, 2023

Up to 60 government and nonprofit grantees

\$7 billion

September 26th, 2023

EPA NCIF PROJECT PRIORITIES

Priority qualified project categories include:

- distributed
 energy
 generation and
 storage
- net-zero emissions buildings
- zero-emissions transportation

Net-Zero Emissions Buildings include projects, activities, and technologies that either:

- retrofit an <u>existing building</u>, making a substantial contribution to that building being a net-zero emissions building, or
- construct a <u>new net-zero emissions</u> building in a low-income and disadvantaged community.

Make an outsized impact on delivering affordable and sustainable housing benefits—especially to low-income and disadvantaged communities. Properties providing affordable housing qualify if:

- Active affordability covenant, incl. LIHTC; HUD programs (PBRA, PH, 202/811, HTF, HOME, PSH, Continuum of Care); USDA AND rents do not exceed 30% of 80% AMI for at least half of the units
- Naturally occurring (unsubsidized) housing w/ rents not exceeding 30% or 80% AMI for at least half of the units

EPA NCIF FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

At least 40% of funds must be used for the purposes of providing financial assistance in low income and disadvantaged communities.

Financial assistance constitutes financial products, including:

- Debt (such as loans, partially forgivable loans, forgivable loans, zero interest and below market interest loans, loans paired with interest rate buydowns, secured and unsecured loans, lines of credit, subordinated debt, warehouse lending, loan purchasing programs, and other debt instruments)
- Equity (such as equity project finance investments, private equity investments, and other equity instruments)
- *Hybrids* (such as mezzanine debt, preferred equity, and other hybrid instruments)
- *Credit enhancements* (such as loan guarantees, loan guarantee funds, loan loss reserves, and other credit enhancement instruments)

Subgrants are not eligible as financial assistance to qualified projects

Grantees may provide financial assistance to various types of counterparties, which include (as examples) project sponsors as well as community lenders and other similar institutions Allowable costs in addition to financing for qualified projects include:

- Predevelopment activities
- Market-building activities
- Program

 administration
 activities

EPA SOLAR FOR ALL

States planning to apply for a Solar for All grant were required to submit a Notice of Intent to EPA by July 31st. The following states did so:



Alabama Alaska Arizona Arkansas California Colorado Connecticut Delaware District of Columbia Georgia Hawaii Illinois Indiana lowa Kansas

Kentucky Louisiana Maine Maryland Massachusetts Michigan Minnesota Mississippi Missouri Nebraska New Hampshire New Jersey New Mexico New York North Carolina Ohio

Oklahoma
Oregon
Pennsylvania
Puerto Rico
Rhode Island
South Carolina
Tennessee
Texas
Utah
Vermont
Virginia
Washington
West Virginia
Wisconsin

If your agency is participating or is planning to participate in the Solar for All application in your state, please add your name and agency to the chat.

CLIMATE UNITED









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Self-Help

NATIONAL HOUSING TRUST 11

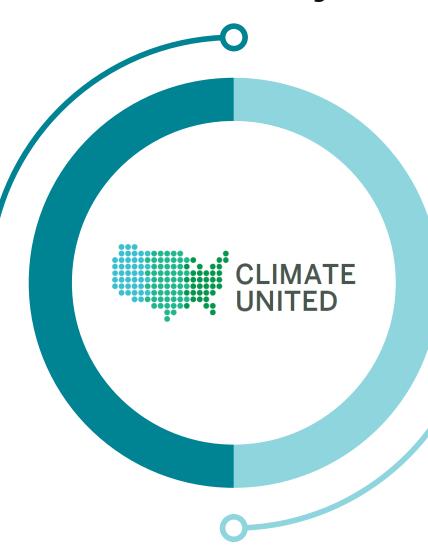


Introducing Climate United a collaboration of experienced mission-driven lenders and investors dedicated to bringing clean energy solutions to Justice40 communities across the country



Climate United will bring the benefits of the low-carbon economy to those most effected by climate change

Existing, proven
but often premium
clean technologies that
reduce GHG and
provide direct
economic and health
benefits to families



Low-income families and Justice40 communities that often lack access to credit and technical expertise to benefit from the low-carbon transition

The investment strategy will focus on three main pillars of work



Bring the benefits of electrification to low-income families and small businesses through lower energy bills, cleaner air, greater energy security, and clean transportation that eliminates fuel costs



Decarbonize the places where people live, work, and play, including housing and other critical community infrastructure (Schools, churches, health and community centers, etc.) so our built environment is healthier and more resilient, and tenants benefit from energy cost savings



Support and scale local community lenders, working in tandem with private capital, to create a strong network of climate champions across the country that have the capacity and capital to respond to local and/or regional needs

With three cross-cutting themes aligned with the objectives of the program

impact alongside GHG reduction in spending and investment decisions, including quality job creation, energy savings, wealth creation, health benefits, and broadened access to opportunity

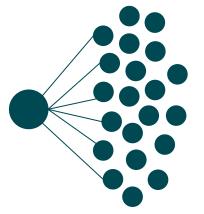
Transform the private sector credit markets so they understand, adopt, and scale the financial products that will be tested using a mix of GGRF and private funds

Inform national policy so future federal programs can more effectively target wholesale solutions that support the low-carbon transition in low-income and disadvantaged communities

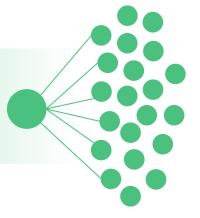
To execute **Qualified Projects** urgently across sectors, we will look to leverage and augment existing platforms and work within existing market structures

First mortgage markets (e.g., single and multi-family)

Community facility platforms (e.g., schools, health centers)



Vehicle purchasing (e.g., household, bus fleets)



We will look across a broad set of co-benefits to maximize the impact of our investments

Jobs

- Net new jobs
- Job retention
- Job quality
- Job training
- Who benefits

Aligned with QP cobenefit of "training and workforce development"

Savings

- Annual energy savings, net of financing
- Who benefits

Wealth

- New business ownership
- Asset ownership
- Business growth
- Home value improvement
- Who benefits

Health

- Air quality improvements
- Reduction in disease incidence
- Who benefits

Access

- Rural communities
- Tribal communities
- Areas of persistent poverty
- Lack of access to clean technologies
- Who benefits

Aligned with QP co-benefit of "affordable and sustainable housing"

Aligned with QP cobenefit of "clean energy, energy efficiency, and clean transportation"

Climate United brings unparalleled experience to support implementation of the National Clean Investment Fund

Financial & risk management

- Raised and deployed \$30 billion across all 50 states
- Experience managing large scale public-private partnerships¹
- Significant infrastructure in investment and portfolio management, risk management and internal controls

Green deployment

- Deployed \$3 billion in clean energy, energy efficiency, and other greenhouse gas reducing activities, causing nearly \$20 billion in total investment
- Substantial pipeline and access to best-in-class partners across sectors and geographies

Trust in communities

- Partners deployed 60-70% of lending for the benefit of Justice40 communities
- Developed vast networks and relationships with local community-based organizations, prioritizing equity and access in program and product design



Multifamily housing strategy

CPC: Flexible capital and unique expertise

CPC deploys capital to create more sustainable, equitable, and affordable communities through three lending and investing platforms



Construction Lending

- Construction and permanent lending to multifamily real estate projects
- Focus on high performance sustainable, affordable and resilient housing



CPC Mortgage Company

- The only nonprofit mortgage lender with Freddie Mac, Fannie Mae, FHA licenses
- National footprint
- Equity Partners: National Equity Fund and Cinnaire



Investing CPC Equity & Impact Investing

- Long-term CPC equity investments that stabilize, revitalize and preserve affordable housing
- Impact investments in mission-aligned projects, technology and tools

\$10.6 BILLION

In Lending Since 1974

\$3.6 BILLION

In Lending Since 2018

\$105 MILLION

Internal Valuation of Equity Portfolio

CPC Green: The thesis and approach

> Mission: To drive national decarbonization and significant GHG Reduction in existing and to be built multifamily projects so as to:

Create transformation in the multifamily mortgage markets, which most broadly and directly impact the physical condition of buildings, by adding decarbonization to the lending process

Provide high quality, low carbon, clean, resilient and healthy homes in low income and disadvantaged communities consistent with Justice40

Create industry
standards and best
practices so that lenders
and property owners in
different parts of the
country can better
navigate the
decarbonization process,
making sure to account
for local regulations,
climates, building stocks
and financing landscapes

Broadly collaborate with industry partners to grow capacity, educate stakeholders across the multifamily spectrum, create awareness and drive market demand for decarbonization at scale

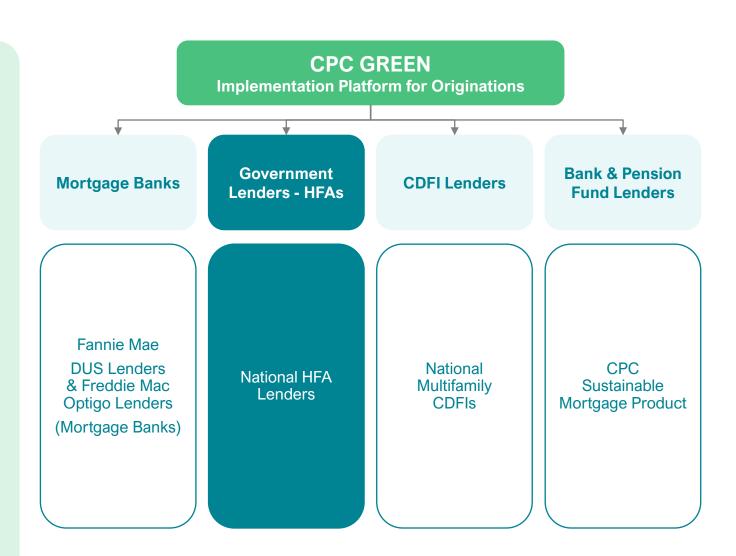
Delivering decarbonization through the mortgage markets



We envision that the GGRF will provide low-cost debt financing to decrease the overall cost of mortgage capital while increasing proceeds to cover deep green decarbonization costs



As the multifamily deployment partner of Climate United, CPC Green will leverage the **existing network of mortgage lenders** and assist them in addressing climate risk through decarbonization **in the work that they already do**



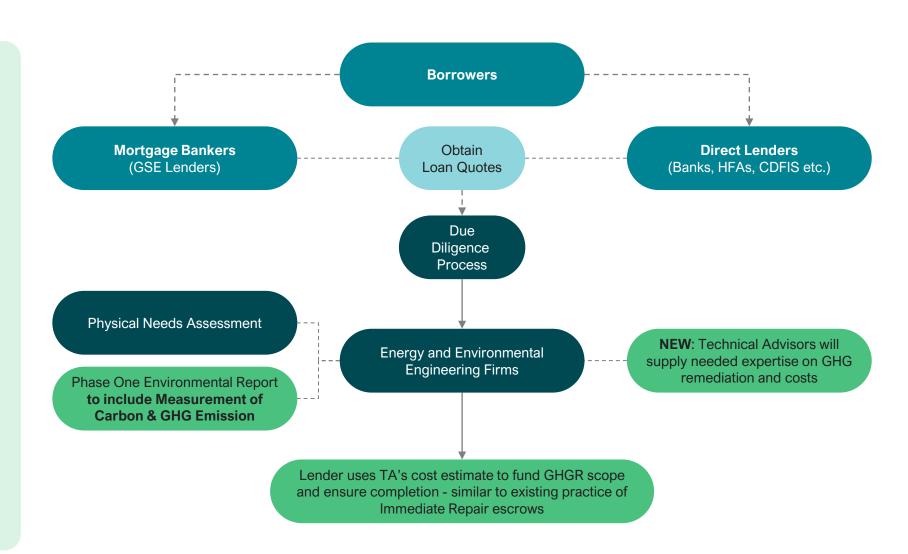
Mortgage lending adaptation to address GHG Reduction

Accessing GHGRF capital represents only a minor change in the mortgage origination process.

An incremental step will be a thirdparty process to measure carbon emissions, scope carbon reduction, monitor the work and certify completion.

 This is similar to other processes: measuring and remediation for lead based paint, asbestos, radon, underground oil tanks and contaminated soil and other pollutants

Demand for decarbonization will accelerate Technical Advisory infrastructure in the mortgage markets



Grid Decarbonization and On-Site Solar

As electricity supplies get cleaner, the emissions from efficient, electrified buildings will further decrease

Decarbonization – What Does it Actually Mean?

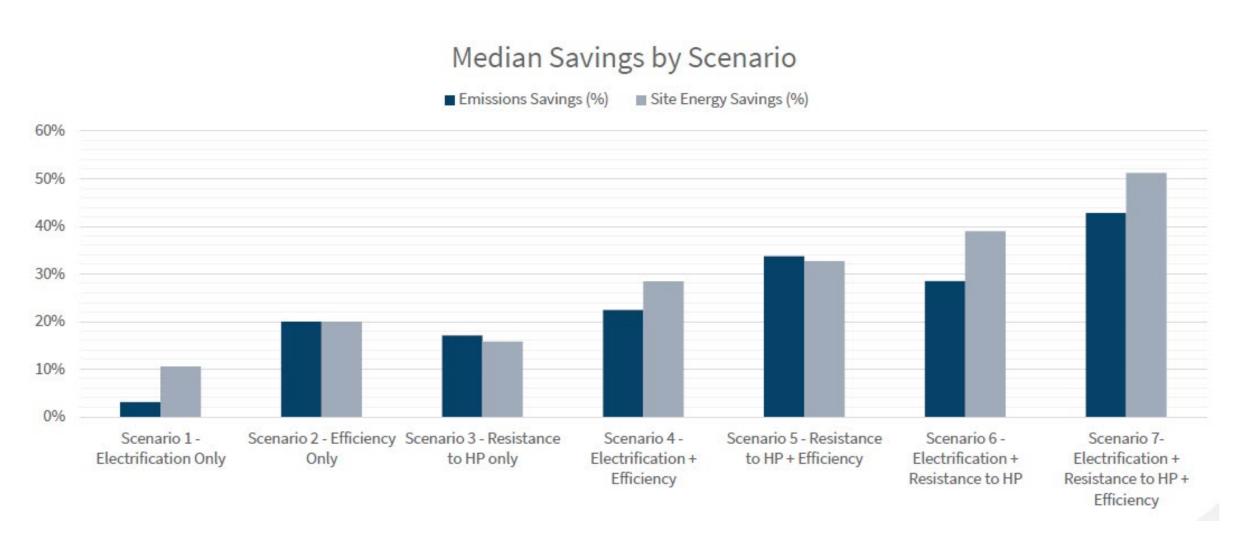
Electrification

Converting fossil fuel equipment to efficient electric equipment (i.e. heat pumps) significantly decreases site energy use

Energy Efficiency

Reducing energy consumption is key to decarbonization. The cleanest kilowatthour is the one you never use

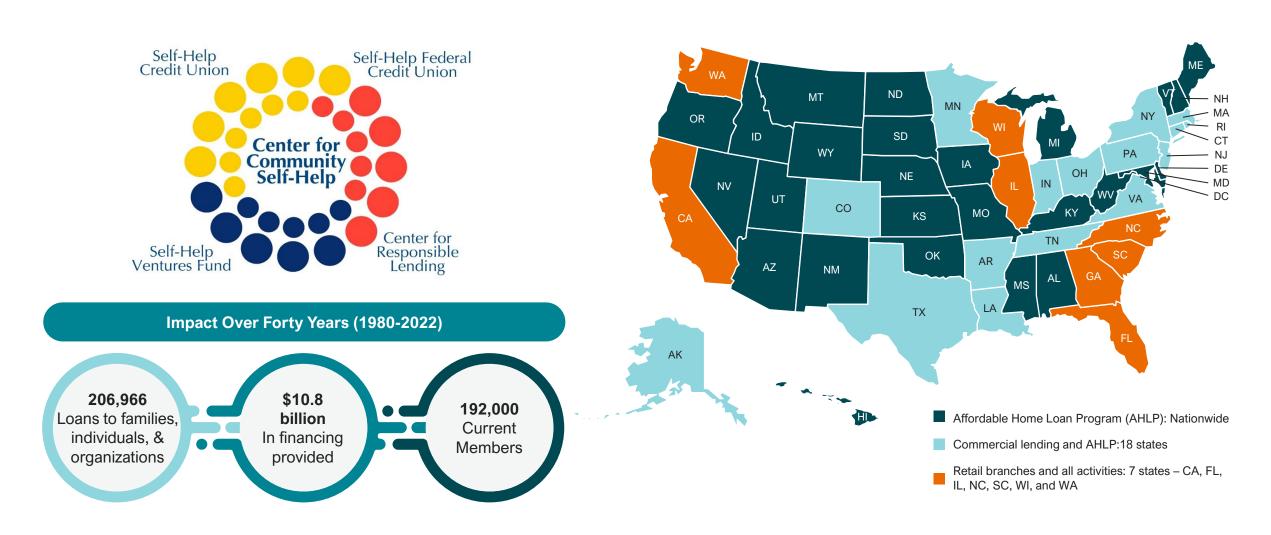
Emissions and Energy Savings





Single family housing strategy

Self-help is a national CDFI with a mission to create and protect economic opportunity for all



Single family GGRF deployment strategy

Facilitate a Secondary Market for Green Home Mortgages with new Loan Loss Reserve

Benefits



Affordability

Eliminate PMI cost on high LTV loans = ~1% interest rate savings per year



Scale

Leverage national partnerships with credit unions, banks, and other community lenders as well as builders and GSEs



Targeted

Drive affordability and accessibility for lowincome and disadvantaged communities

Goals and Products

- Decarbonization of Existing Homes
 - Purchase/Refinance Mortgage bundled with energy efficiency upgrades
- Construction of New Net-Zero Homes
 - Permanent Financing for new construction net-zero emissions houses in low-income communities

BREAKOUT ROOMS

Please self-select the breakout room where your state or city is listed. One HFA participant will volunteer from each room to share what your group discussed. Climate United staff will facilitate the breakout rooms

- What types and forms of capital do your agency/developers need to support more sustainable affordable housing? Do the needs vary for existing buildings vs new construction?
- What is the most helpful approach for injecting additional capital into project financing?
- What technical assistance services are needed at the enterprise-level (Agency) and at the project-level (Developer) to identify and implement deep green upgrades?



REPORT OUT: FIRST COHORT SHARING SESSION

Discussion Question:

How can HFAs incentive owners and developers in their state to pursue IRA funding while ensuring the agency still benefits?





Session dates and topics are

subject to change

Upcoming Sessions

August 16, 3-4PM ET

Cohort Sharing Session #2

Discuss Solar For All & Clean Communities
 Investment Accelerator: what role HFAs can play/how states are approaching the programs

September 13, 2-3:30 PM ET

September 13, Clean Energy Tax Credits

- Overview of tax credits most relevant to affordable housing
- Underwriting impacts

September 27, 2-3:30PM ET

QAPs

How states can amend/strengthen their QAP to integrate IRA funding

October 15, 3-4:30PM ET

In-person Bootcamp at NCSHA's 2023 Annual Conference & Showplace in Boston

Thank you! Questions?



